

### **Development of New Social Inclusion Indicators** In the context of the BFUG on Social Dimension

BFUG Social Dimension, October 6, 2021

# **Market Construction**



### **Problem statement**

Higher education institutions a societal issues.

To measure their current contribution and progress over time, meaningful and internationally comparable indicators are needed.

Aligned with policy and societal trends, we investigate new indicators for social inclusion and sustainable development (education).

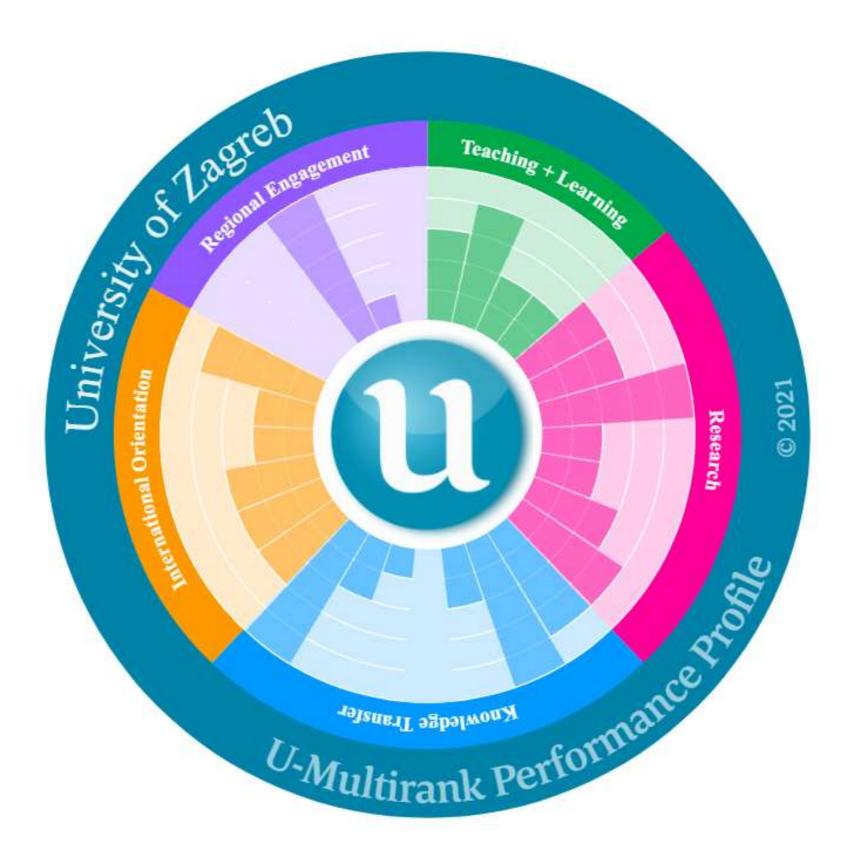


### Higher education institutions are increasingly expected to contribute to

## **Context – U-Multirank**

- First released in 2014, U-Multirank strives to provide multidimensional, transparent and user-driven ranking
- Users: HEIs, students, policy-makers
- Based on U-Map
- Next steps: develop benchmarking tool & new indicators





### umultirank.org

## **Research question**

meaningful and internationally comparable way?

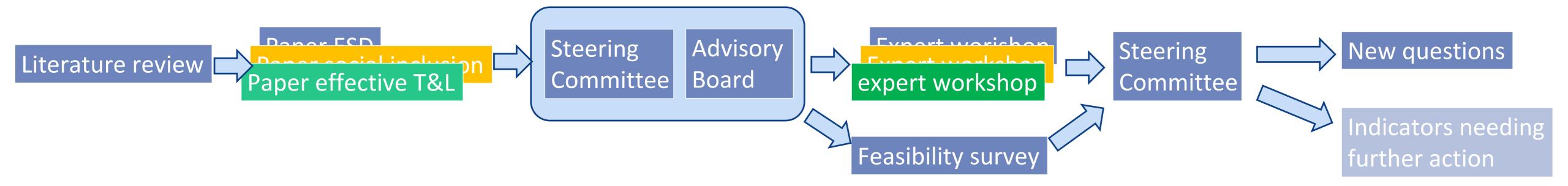
Meaningful:

- Relevant
- Valid
- Feasible



# 1. How to measure social inclusion in higher education in a

### **Process & Results**



#### Effective teaching

- Pedagogically ightarrowskilled staff
- Digital education investment

#### **Social inclusion**

#### New entrants by:

- gender •
- Age •
- Disabilities
- Family • background

Outreach programmes









### **Process for Social Inclusion**

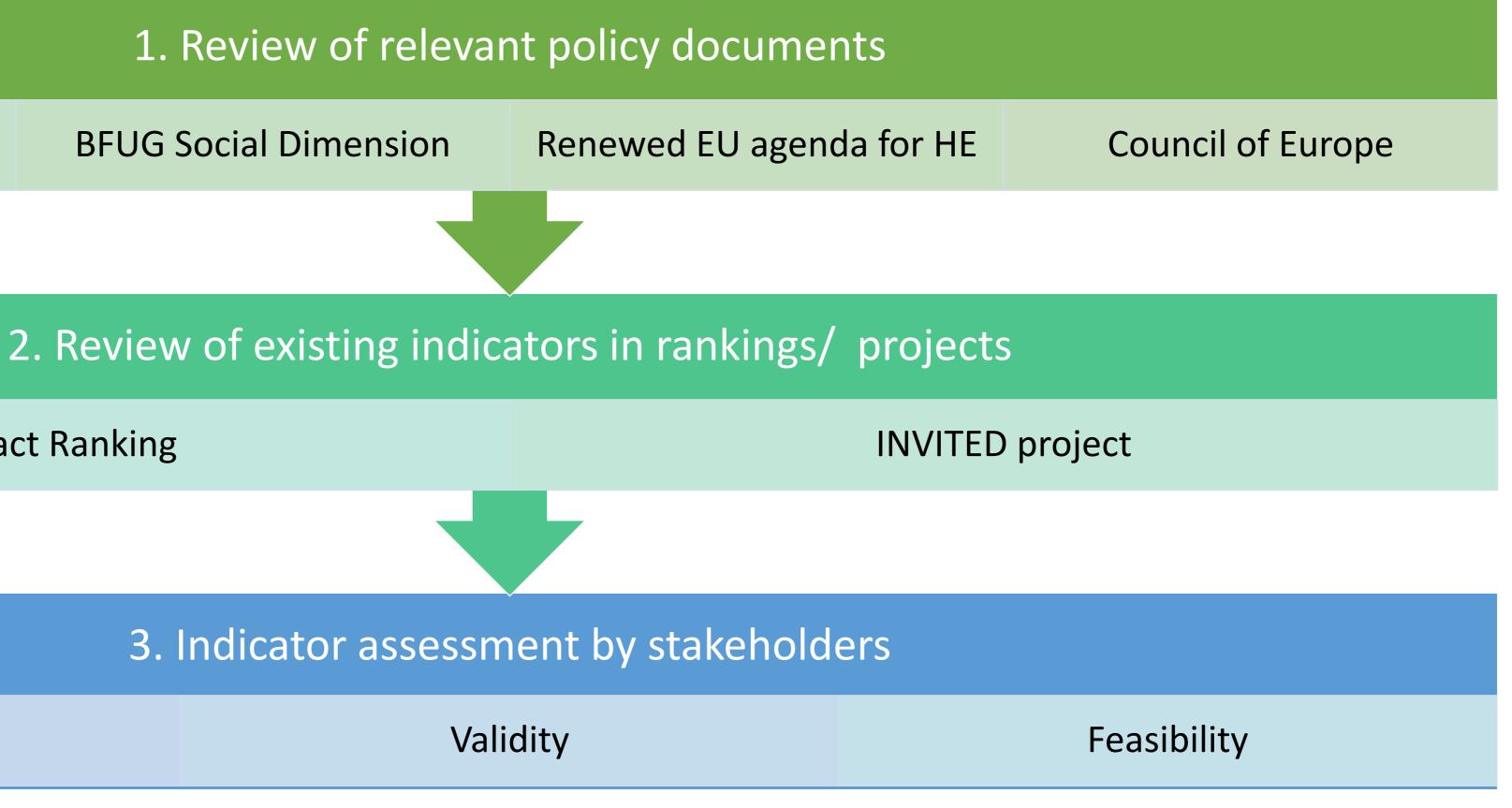
SDG's (#4, 5, 10)

**BFUG Social Dimension** 

THE Impact Ranking

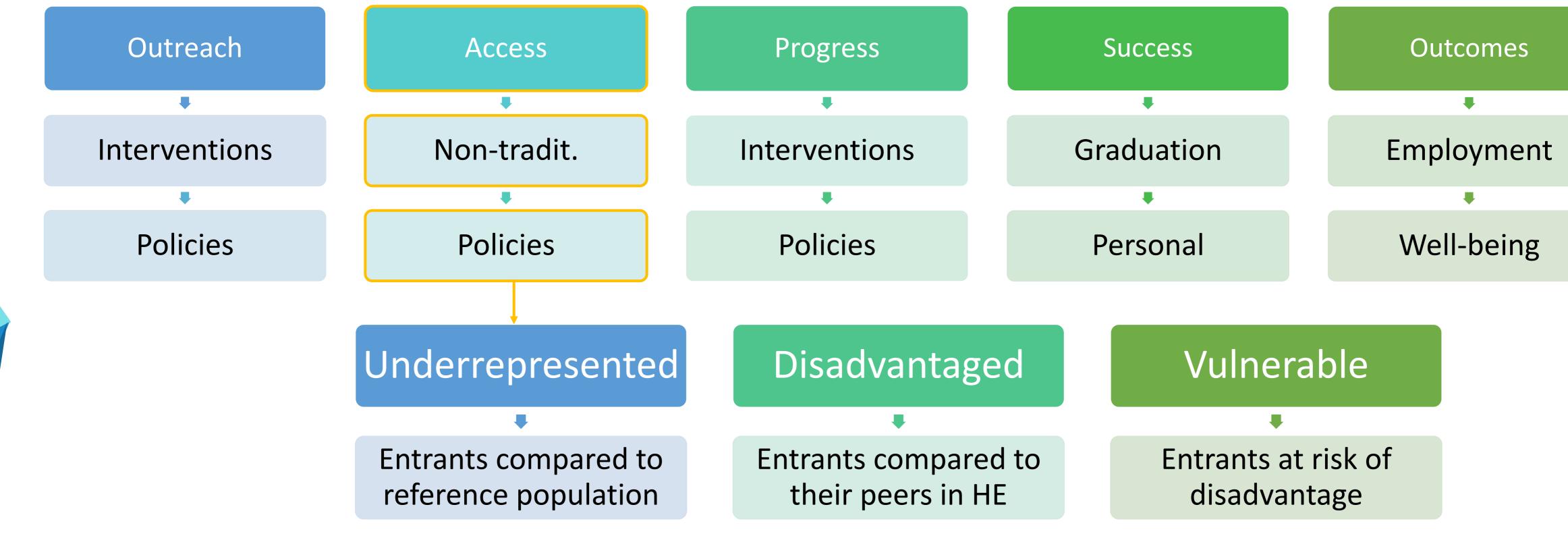
Relevance







## Social Inclusion: conceptual view





### **Existing UMR data on social inclusion**

### CATEGORY

Access measures

### **Underrepresented groups (gender)**



#### INDICATOR

- Number of part-time programmes
- Number of part-time students
- Number of online programmes
- Number of female students
- Number of female PhD candidates
- Number of female PhD graduates
- Number of female academic staff



### **Proposed new indicators: Social inclusion**

CATEGORY		INDICATOR			
		Support services for u			
		Quotas for students fro			
Access meas	ures	Guidance/counselling			
		Policies for non-discrir			
		Tracking of application			
		<b>First-generation</b>			
	Underrepresented	<b>Low socio-economic</b> b			
Underrepres		Migrant or indigenous			
students	Ethnic minorities				
		Disabilities			
		Mature			



- inderrepresented students (financial/housing)
- rom underrepresented students
- /mentoring provided
- mination
- n and acceptance rates
- background
- S



### Proposed new indicators: Social inclusion – underrepresented students

UNDERREPRESENTED GROUPS (IN ENTRANCE COHORT)	INTERNAL REFERENCE	EXTERNAL REFERENCE
First-generation	% of entrance cohort or total enrolment	% population in region (45-65) with higher education qualification
<b>Low socio-economic</b> background	% of total enrolment	% population in region with low socio-economic background
Migrant or indigenous	% of total enrolment	% population in region with migrant background
Ethnic minorities	% of total enrolment	% population in region ethnic minorities
Disabilities	% of total enrolment	% population in region with disabilities
Mature	% of total enrolment	

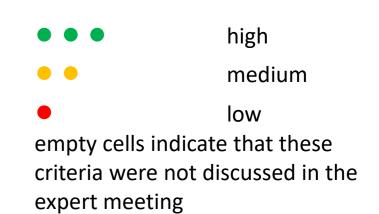


### **Proposed new indicators: Social inclusion**

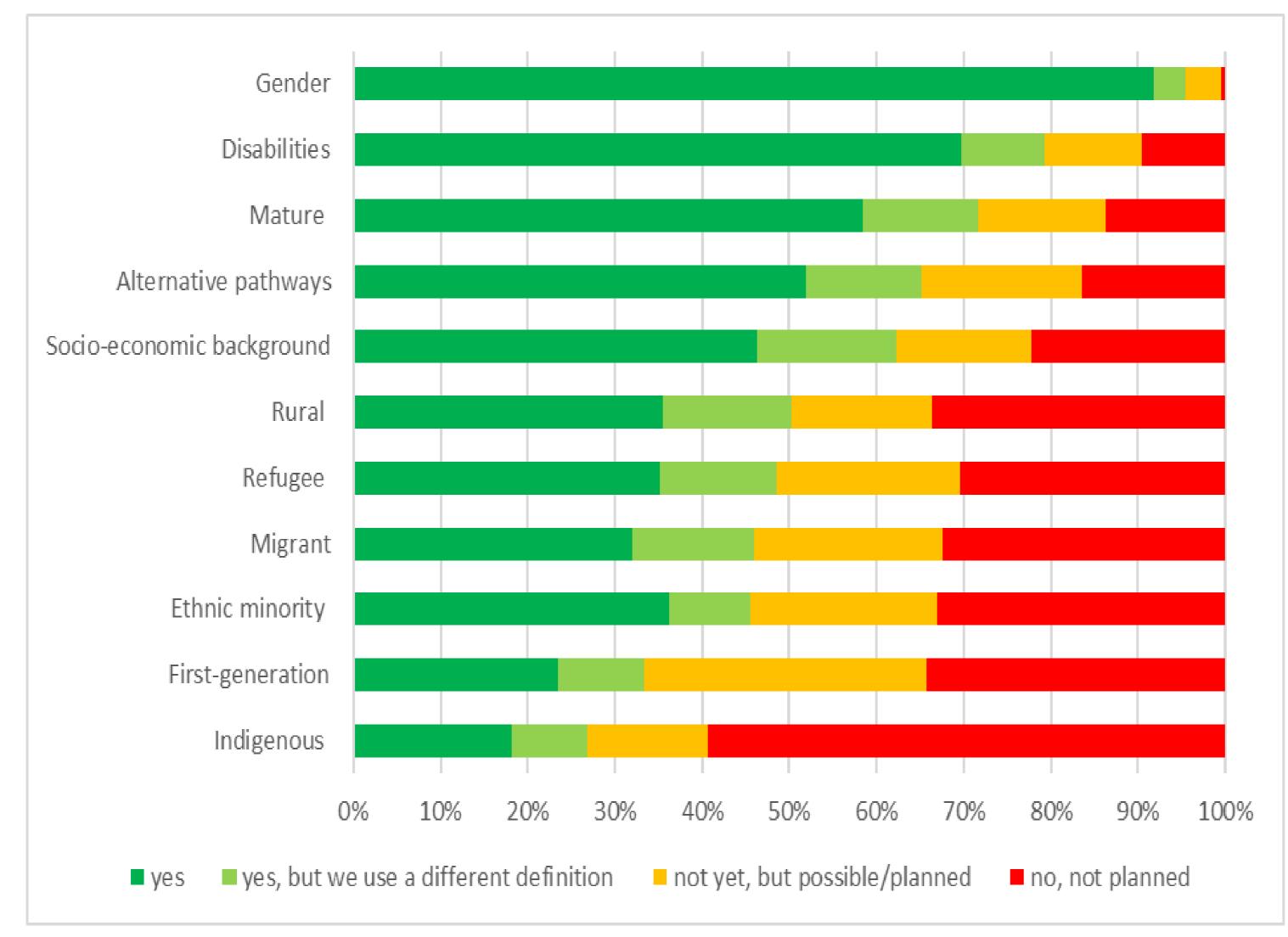
Table 2: Assessment of potential new indicators on social inclusion

		Expert consultation		U-Multirank team			
	Indicator	relevance	validity	feasibility	relevance	validity	feasability
HE access measures	Outreach programmes		•••				•
	Recognition of prior learning (alternative pathways)				•••		•
	Quotas for students from under represented and/ or disadvantaged group	•••	•	•	•		•••
	Guidance/counselling/mentoring opportunities	•••		•••			•••
	Support services for underrepresented and/or disadvantaged students	•••		•	$\bullet \bullet \bullet$		•••
	Childcare facilities on campus for students with caring responsibilities				•••		•
	Maternity/Paternity policies				••		•
	Policies for non-discrimination				•••		•••
	Tracking of application and acceptance rates				•••	••	•••
Under- represented students	Students from low socioeconomic background			•••	$\bullet \bullet \bullet$		•••
	Migrant or indigenous students						•••
	Refugee students/ students seeking asylum			•	•••		•
	Ethnic minorities			•	•••		•
	Students with disabilities			•••	•••		•••
	First-generation students		•••	•			•••
	Mature students		•••	•••	•••		•••
	Gender balance*					•••	$\bullet \bullet \bullet$





## Feasability









## Feasability

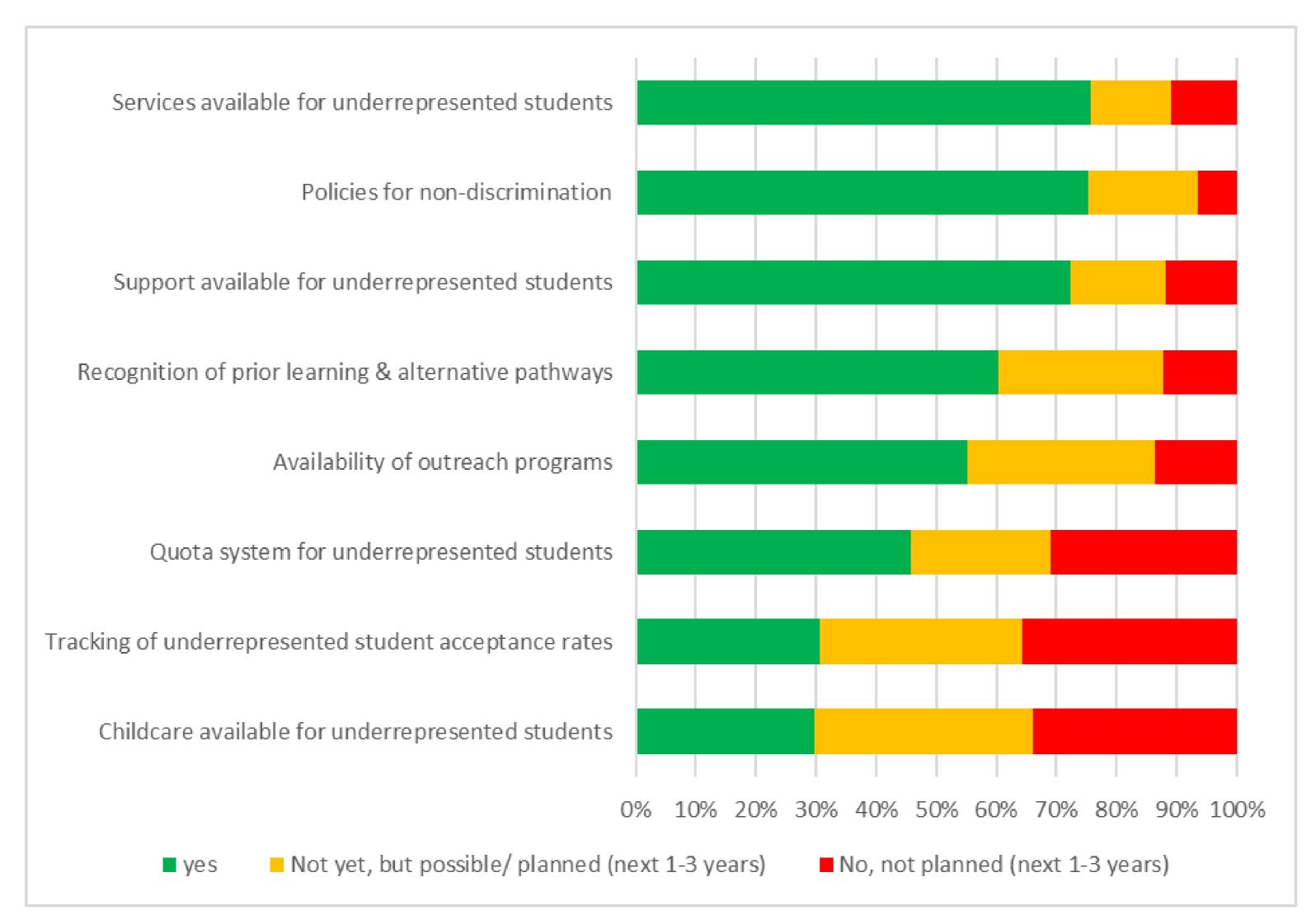


Figure 3: Social inclusion in strategic plans: are data collected on (n=202):





## Feasability – policy data

Table 3: Does your institution collect statistical data on the policies/plans mentioned before?

#### **POLICY MEASURE**

Underrepresented students admitted through outrea

Underrepresented students admitted through alterna pathways

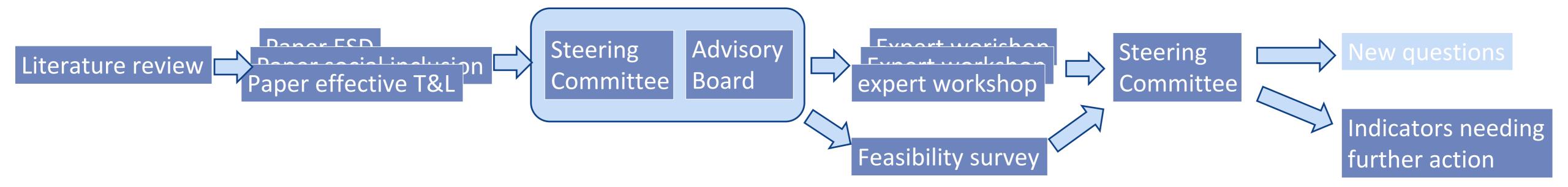
Underrepresented students admitted through a quot

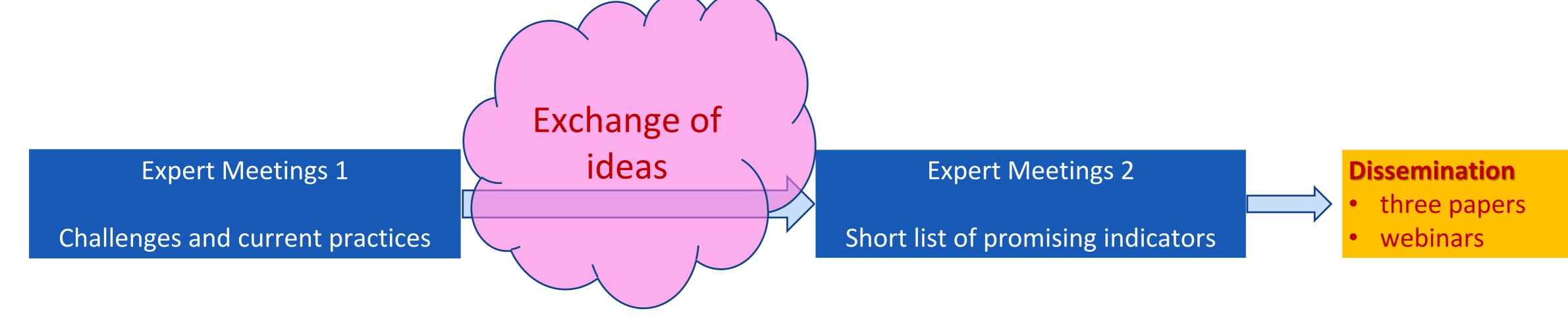
Underrepresented students benefiting from available (e.g., financial, housing) Underrepresented students benefiting from services guidance, counseling, mentoring) Underrepresented students benefiting from childcare (e.g., on-campus childcare)



	YES (%)	(N)	NO (%)	<b>(N)</b>	TOTAL (N)
ach programs	44%	64	56%	81	145
ative	57%	65	43%	50	115
ta system	88%	80	12%	11	91
e support	80%	115	20%	28	143
s (e.g.,	70%	105	30%	44	149
e services	60%	35	40%	23	58

### New indicators: next steps











### UMR (\$) BFUG

- > National sets of indicators versus international comparability
- Different reference groups (national, regional)
- Transparency versus (personal) privacy
- Accountability versus (institutional) peer learning
- Administrative data versus (institutional) survey
- Responsibilities of public authorities and HEIs
- Social inclusion in research

