European Universities, Quality Assurance and UKÄ

Maya (Maria) Wikse, Head of group

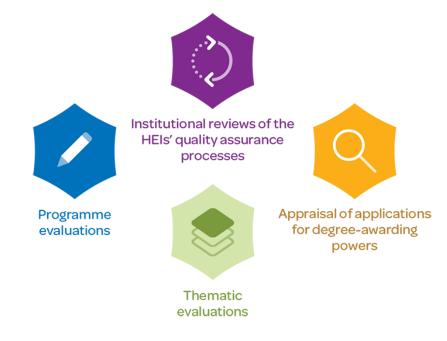
Coordination and internationalisation,

Department of Quality assurance



The QA system – four components

- Institutional reviews of HEIs' QA systems
- Programme evaluations
- Appraisal of applications for degree-awarding powers
- Thematic evaluations (e.g. sustainable development, widening participation, and ability and skills in nursing education)





Framework

Higher Education Legislation and Ordinance

European Standards and Guidelines (ESG)

Government communication

Quality Assurance of Higher Education (2015/16:76)

Cooperation with HEI, working life and student representatives



HEIs and degree-awarding powers

	Universities	University colleges
State	General degree-awarding powers for 1st, 2nd and 3rd degrees; must apply to UKÄ for regulated professions	Degree-awarding powers for 1st degree. Must apply to UKÄ for degree-awarding powers on 2nd and 3rd degree (limits on 3rd degree)
Independent/private	General degree-awarding powers for 1st, 2nd and 3rd degrees; must apply to UKÄ for regulated professions	Must apply to UKÄ for all degree-awarding powers; decision by the Government



European Universities (alliances)

- Pilots awarded funding 2019- 2020 and 2 in 2022
- 13 Swedish HEIs

ACTIVE:

- Asking for a stronger Swedish voice (October 2020 and 24 Nov 2021)
- Several national policy group and working groups for for EUI
- UKÄ in **EUniQ pilot project**



UKÄ so far – possible consequences – transnational quality assurance

Changes in Swedish law and mandate needed if UKÄ is to

- review EUIs, foreign HEIs, programmes or research e.g. in the EUniQ model (need parliamentary decision)
- automatically accept/approve other QA organisations' reviews and not have to 'repeat' the review (need agreements)
- National investigation needed and/or agreements between countries
- Finances?



Main questions

Short term:

- ➤ (How) can UKÄ allow 'discounts' in the current system? (institutional)
- ➤ How can we implement the European Approach? (Appraisals and programme reviews)
- ➤ How can we collaborate with other QA organisations?

Long term:

➤ What changes in regulations are needed for long term changes?

• UKÄ registered at EQAR, but Sweden not a member (yet?)



Internal project at UKA: Transnational Quality Assurance

Two main tasks: mapping legal obstacles for transnational QA and finding solutions (short and long term)

Two tracks: EUniQ continuation (institutional review) and European Approach (program level)

Connected to this working group in IMINQA: QA for EUI

Staff week at NVAO next week!



First steps - preliminary plans

Questionnaire and data collection from HEIs in Sweden about:

European approach – their policies and procedures for joint programmes

What are their plans and what do they need: Support, consultation?

Workshops about EUniQ model

How are they working with/planning for quality assurance in their European Universities, what issues/problems are they experiencing? Support?

Collaboration with Swedish Council for Higher Education – assigned by government to map legal obstacles and funding possibilities for EUIs in SE



Next steps

- Start internal project
- One of five countries in feasibility study?
- Will connect internal project to QA for EUIs!

